DTE 115 Rev. 6/14

Application to Defer Recoupment Charge on Land Converted from Agricultural Use

Before completing form, read instructions on back; answer all questions.

Public entity		ark district	
		other (type)	
Parcel number of property			
Address of property	City	State	ZIP code
Date title acquired		_	
If the public entity is a park district, is the acq If the public entity is not a park district, is the joint vocational school district) that is wholly	e acquired property located v	within the boundaries of	of a <u>school dist</u> rict (including
Describe the current and intended use of t improvements).	he property (be specific abo	ut the uses and descr	ibe any current or intended
I declare under penalties of perjury that this belief, it is true, correct and complete.	s application has been exam	ined by me and, to the	e best of my knowledge and
Signature of public entity representative			
Printed name of public entity representative	Title		
Address	City	State	ZIP code
Telephone number	E-mail	 D	ate
	For County Auditor's Use	Only	
Application number	County		
Deferral granted _ Yes _ No (If no, reas	son for denial)		
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"Current Agricultural Use Valuation" (CAUV) is granted only to agricultural property. Once property no longer meets the definition found in Ohio Revised Code (R.C.) 5713.30(A), the property owner is required to repay the county the tax savings received during the three prior years. However, the General Assembly has provided for deferral of the repayment when agricultural property is purchased by certain purchasers, depending upon the manner in which the purchaser uses the property.

A qualifying purchaser (identified as a "public entity" by statute) is a political subdivision of this state or an agency or instrumentality of a political subdivision. The state itself, or one of its agencies, is not included as a qualifying purchaser. Therefore, property owned by the state does not qualify for deferral.

"Qualifying property" is agricultural land that was previously receiving CAUV and was acquired by the public entity by means other than eminent domain. If the subject property is taken by eminent domain, recoupment cannot be deferred, and must generally be paid by the public entity. See R.C. 5713.34(B). "Principally undeveloped" means that the parcel of real property will be used for public, active or passive outdoor education, recreation or similar open space uses and will contain only the structures, roadways and other facilities that are necessary for such uses. Only properties that are purchased under one of the following two conditions may qualify for deferral: 1) If the land has been acquired by a park district created under R.C. Chapter 1545, the land must be located within the boundaries of the park district; 2) If the land has been acquired by a public entity other than a park district, the land must be located within the boundaries of a school district, be it any city, local, exempted village or joint vocational school district that is wholly or partially located within the boundaries of the public entity must intend to keep the land principally undeveloped.

R.C. 5713.34(C) grants a deferral of recoupment, not relief from recoupment. The recoupment is deferred as long as the property remains principally undeveloped. The auditor will determine annually whether the parcel of land remains principally undeveloped. If the land has been developed, or converted in a way that the deferral no longer is appropriate, then the auditor will charge recoupment.

This application may be filed with the county auditor with the conveyance fee statement at the time the property is transferred into the name of the public entity, or at any time thereafter, but should be filed before the first tax bill is issued that would contain the recoupment charge.